

TRIBES OF INDIA

FOR 2ND SEMESTER (GEOGRAPHY)

What is a tribe?

- A social group composed of numerous families, clans, or generations having a shared ancestry.
- A tribe is a group of people who live and work together in a shared geographical area. They have a strong sense of unity. The tribe has a chief. They have a common culture, dialect, and religion.

BHIL TRIBE

- 1) MOSTLY FOUND IN the state of rajasthan
- 2) Oldest tribes of india
- 3) They are excellent archers
- 4) Ghoomar is their traditional dance



Munda tribe

- 1) Mostly found in the state of Jharkhand
- 2) THEIR Special dance form is nupur which is performed by wearing anklet
- 3) The munda is a Sanskrit word meaning headman
- 4) They speak in Mundari language



Santhal tribe

Mostly found in the states of Jharkhand, west Bengal etc

They depend on agriculture and livestock rearing for living

They perform their santhali dance.



Bodo tribe

It is mostly found in the states of Assam and they are mostly found in plain areas of Assam

They speak their native language Bodo

The weaving of handloom products is an intrinsic part of their culture.

They celebrate the Baisagu festival



Angami tribe

they are mostly found in the state of Nagaland

This tribe is known for their hornbill festival

The men dress in white Mhoushu and black lohe. The women wear Mechela and ornaments of beads, mask, pendants etc

They speak language like Gnamei, Ngami etc



Konyak tribe

This tribe is found in Nagaland

They were known for cutting the heads of their enemies

They are found in the Mon district of Nagaland.

Murung is a part of Konyak tribe.

Aoling festival is their main festival which is a harvesting festival

